

AGREEMENT
BETWEEN
THE REPUBLIC OF POLAND
AND
JERSEY

FOR THE AVOIDANCE OF DOUBLE TAXATION ON
INDIVIDUALS

The Republic of Poland and Jersey, desiring to conclude an Agreement
for the avoidance of double taxation on individuals,

have agreed as follows:

ARTICLE 1
Persons covered

This Agreement shall apply to persons who are residents of one or both of the Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE 2
Taxes covered

1. The existing taxes to which this Agreement shall apply are in particular:

a) in the case of Poland:

i) the personal income tax,
(hereinafter referred to as "Polish tax");

b) in the case of Jersey:

i) the income tax;
(hereinafter referred to as "Jersey tax").

2. This Agreement shall apply also to any identical or substantially similar taxes that are imposed after the date of signature of this Agreement in addition to, or in place of, the existing taxes. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall notify each other of any significant changes that have been made in their taxation laws.

ARTICLE 3

General Definitions

1. For the purposes of this Agreement, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - a) the term "Poland" means the Republic of Poland and, when used in a geographical sense, means the territory of the Republic of Poland, and any area adjacent to the territorial waters of the Republic of Poland within which, under the laws of Poland and in accordance with international law, the rights of Poland with respect to the exploration and exploitation of the natural resources of the seabed and its sub-soil may be exercised;
 - b) the term "Jersey" means the Bailiwick of Jersey, including its territorial sea;
 - c) the term "Contracting Party" and the other Contracting Party" mean Poland or Jersey, as the context requires;
 - d) the term "citizen", in relation to a Contracting Party, means any individual possessing the citizenship of that Party;
 - e) the term "competent authority" means:
 - i) in the case of Poland, the Minister of Finance or its authorised representative,
 - ii) in the case of Jersey the Treasury and Resources Minister or his authorised representative;
 - f) the term "international traffic" means any transport by a ship or aircraft operated by an enterprise that has its place of effective management in the territory of a Contracting Party, except when the ship or aircraft is operated solely between places in the territory of the other Contracting Party;
 - g) the term "company" means any body corporate or any entity that is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes.
2. As regards the application of this Agreement at any time by a Party, any term not defined therein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meaning that it has at that time under the laws of that Party for the purposes of the taxes to which this Agreement applies, any meaning under the applicable tax laws of that Party prevailing over a meaning given to the term under other laws of that Party.

ARTICLE 4

Resident

1. For the purposes of this Agreement, the term "resident of a Contracting Party" means any person who, under the laws of that Party, is liable to tax therein by reason of his domicile, residence, place of management or any other criterion of a similar nature. This term, however, does not include any person who is liable to tax in that Contracting Party in respect only of income from sources in that Contracting Party.

2. Where by reason of the provisions of paragraph 1 an individual is a resident of both Contracting Parties, then his status shall be determined as follows:

- a) he shall be deemed to be a resident only of the Contracting Party where he has a permanent home available to him; if he has a permanent home available to him in both Contracting Parties, he shall be deemed to be a resident only of the Contracting Party with which his personal and economic relations are closer (centre of vital interests);
- b) if the Contracting Party in which he has his centre of vital interests cannot be determined, or if he has not a permanent home available to him in either Contracting Party, he shall be deemed to be a resident only of the Contracting Party in which he has an habitual abode;
- c) if he has an habitual abode in both Contracting Parties or in neither of them, he shall be deemed to be a resident only of the Contracting Party of which he is a citizen;
- d) if he is a citizen of both Parties or of neither of them, the competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall settle the question by mutual agreement.

3. Where by reason of the provisions of paragraph 1 a person other than an individual is a resident of both Contracting Parties, then it shall be deemed to be a resident only of the Contracting Party in which its place of effective management is situated.

ARTICLE 5
Income from employment

1. Subject to the provisions of Articles 6, 8 and 9, salaries, wages and other similar remuneration derived by a resident of a Contracting Party in respect of an employment shall be taxable only in that Contracting Party unless the employment is exercised in the territory of the other Contracting Party. If the employment is so exercised, such remuneration as is derived therefrom may be taxed in that other Contracting Party.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1, remuneration derived by a resident of a Contracting Party in respect of an employment exercised in the territory of the other Contracting Party shall be taxable only in the first-mentioned Contracting Party if:

- a) the recipient is present in the territory of the other Contracting Party for a period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate 183 days in any twelve month period commencing or ending in the fiscal year concerned; and
- b) the remuneration is paid by, or on behalf of, an employer who is not a resident of the other Contracting Party; and
- c) the remuneration is not borne by a fixed place of business which the employer has in the territory of the other Contracting Party; and
- d) the employment is not a case of hiring out of labour.

3. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this Article, remuneration derived in respect of an employment exercised aboard a ship or aircraft operated in international traffic, may be taxed in the Contracting Party in which the place of effective management of the enterprise is situated.

ARTICLE 6
Directors' fees

Fees and other similar payments derived by a resident of a Contracting Party in his capacity as a member of the management board, the supervisory board, or of a similar body of a company which is a resident of the other Contracting Party may be taxed in that other Contracting Party.

ARTICLE 7
Artistes and sportsmen

1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 5, income derived by a resident of a Contracting Party as an entertainer, such as a theatre, motion picture, radio or television artiste, or a musician, or as a sportsman, from his personal activities as such exercised in the territory of the other Contracting Party, may be taxed in that other Contracting Party.

2. Where income in respect of personal activities exercised by an entertainer or a sportsman in his capacity as such accrues not to the entertainer or sportsman himself but to another person, that income may, notwithstanding the provisions of Article 5, be taxed in the Contracting Party in which the activities of the entertainer or sportsman are exercised.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2, income derived from such activities as defined in paragraph 1 performed within the framework of cultural exchange between the Contracting Parties, shall be exempt from tax in the Contracting Party in which these activities are exercised.

ARTICLE 8
Pensions and similar remunerations

Subject to the provisions of paragraph 2 of Article 9, pensions and other similar remunerations paid to a resident of a Contracting Party in consideration of past employment shall be taxable only in that Party.

ARTICLE 9
Government service

1. a) Salaries, wages and other similar remunerations paid by a Contracting Party or a political subdivision or a local authority thereof to an individual in respect of services rendered to that Party or subdivision or authority shall be taxable only in that Contracting Party, subject to letter (b) of this paragraph.

b) However, such salaries, wages and other similar remunerations shall be taxable only in the other Contracting Party if the services are rendered on the territory of that Party and the individual is a resident of that Contracting Party who:
 - i) is a citizen of that Party; or
 - ii) did not become a resident of that Contracting Party solely for the purpose of rendering the services.
2. a) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1, any pensions and other similar remunerations paid by, or out of funds created by, a Contracting Party or a political subdivision or a local authority thereof to an individual in respect of services rendered to that Party or subdivision or authority shall be taxable only in that Contracting Party.

b) However, such pensions and other similar remunerations shall be taxable only in the other Contracting Party if the individual is a resident of, and a citizen of, that Contracting Party.
3. The provisions of Articles 5, 6, 7 and 8 shall apply to salaries, wages, pensions and other similar remunerations in respect of services rendered in connection with a business carried on by a Contracting Party or a political subdivision or a local authority thereof.

ARTICLE 10
Students

Payments which a student, pupil or apprentice who is or was immediately before visiting a Contracting Party a resident of the other Contracting Party and who is present in the territory of the first-mentioned Party solely for the purpose of his education or training receives for the purpose of his maintenance, education or training shall not be taxed in that first- mentioned Party, provided that such payments arise from sources outside the territory of that Party.

ARTICLE 11

Elimination of double taxation

1. In the case of Poland, double taxation shall be avoided as follows:

- a) Where a resident of Poland derives income which, in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement may be taxed in Jersey, Poland shall allow as a deduction from the tax on income of that resident an amount equal to the tax paid in Jersey. Such deduction shall not, however, exceed that part of the tax, as computed before the deduction is given, which is attributable to such income derived from Jersey.
- b) Where in accordance with any provision of this Agreement, income derived by a resident of Poland is exempt from tax in Poland, Poland may nevertheless, in calculating the amount of tax on the remaining income of such resident, take into account the exempted income.

2. In the case of Jersey, double taxation shall be avoided as follows:

Subject to the provisions of the laws of Jersey regarding the allowances of credit against Jersey tax and tax payable in a territory outside Jersey (which will not affect the general principle hereof);

- i) subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (iii), where a resident of Jersey derives income which, in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, may be taxed in Poland, Jersey shall allow as a credit from the Jersey tax on the income of that resident, an amount equal to the income tax paid in Poland;
- ii) such deduction shall not, however, exceed that part of the income tax, as computed before the credit is given, which is attributable to the income which may be taxed in Poland;
- iii) where a resident of Jersey derives income which, in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement shall be taxable only in Poland, Jersey may include this income in the tax base, but shall allow as a credit from the Jersey tax that part of the income tax which is attributable to the income derived from Poland.

ARTICLE 12
Non-discrimination

1. Citizens of a Contracting Party shall not be subjected in the other Contracting Party to any taxation or any requirement connected therewith, which is other or more burdensome than the taxation and connected requirements to which citizens of that other Party in the same circumstances, in particular with respect to residence, are or may be subjected. This provision shall, notwithstanding the provisions of Article 1, also apply to persons who are not residents of one or both of the Contracting Parties.

2. Nothing contained in this Article shall be construed as obliging either Contracting Party to grant to individuals not resident in that Contracting Party any of the personal allowances, reliefs and reductions for tax purposes which are granted to individuals so resident or to its citizens.

3. The provisions of this Article shall, notwithstanding the provisions of Article 2, apply to taxes of every kind and description.

ARTICLE 13

Mutual agreement procedure

1. Where a person considers that the actions of one or both of the Contracting Parties result or will result for him in taxation not in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, he may, irrespective of the remedies provided by the domestic law of those Parties, present his case to the competent authority of the Contracting Party of which he is a resident or, if his case comes under paragraph 1 of Article 12, to that of the Contracting Party of which he is a citizen. The case must be presented within three years from the first notification of the action resulting in taxation not in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties may by mutual agreement settle the mode of execution of the mutual agreement procedure and elements of the motion for instituting the mutual agreement procedure.
2. The competent authority shall endeavour, if the objection appears to it to be justified and if it is not itself able to arrive at a satisfactory solution, to resolve the case by mutual agreement with the competent authority of the other Contracting Party, with a view to the avoidance of taxation which is not in accordance with this Agreement. The solution so reached shall be implemented notwithstanding any time limits in the national laws of the Contracting Parties.
3. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall endeavour to resolve by mutual agreement any difficulties or doubts arising as to the interpretation or application of this Agreement. They may also consult together for the elimination of double taxation in cases not provided for in this Agreement.
4. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties may communicate with each other directly for the purpose of applying the Agreement.

ARTICLE 14
Members of diplomatic missions and consular posts

Nothing in this Agreement shall affect the fiscal privileges of members of diplomatic missions and consular posts under the general rules of international law or under the provisions of special agreements.

ARTICLE 15

Entry into force

1. This Agreement submits to acceptance in accordance with the law of each of the Contracting Parties, which shall be notified in writing between the Contracting Parties.
2. This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the third month following the receipt of the later of these notifications and shall thereupon have effect:
 - a) in Poland in respect of taxes on income for taxes chargeable for any tax year beginning on or after 1 January in the calendar year next following the year in which the Agreement enters into force;
 - b) in Jersey in respect of taxes on income for taxes chargeable for any tax year beginning on or after 1 January of the calendar year next following the year in which the Agreement enters into force.
3. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 2, this Agreement shall only have effect when the Agreement signed on...*02-12-2011 at London*... between the Republic of Poland and Jersey for the exchange of information relating to tax matters shall have effect.

ARTICLE 16 Termination

1. Either Contracting Party may terminate this Agreement by giving written notice of termination at least six months before the end of any calendar year beginning after the expiry of five years from the date of entry into force of this Agreement. In such event, this Agreement shall cease to have effect:

- a) in Poland in respect of taxes on income for taxes chargeable for any tax year beginning on or after 1 January in the calendar year next following the year in which the notice is given;
- b) in Jersey in respect of taxes on income for taxes chargeable for any tax year beginning on or after 1 January in the calendar year next following the year in which the notice is given.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1, this Agreement will be terminated, without giving notice of termination, on the date of termination of the Agreement signed on 02-12-2011 at London between the Republic of Poland and Jersey for the exchange of information relating to tax matters.

In witness whereof the undersigned, duly authorised thereto, have signed this Agreement.

Done in duplicate at London, this day of 02-12-2011 in the Polish and English languages, both texts being equally authentic.

For the Republic of
Poland:

Barbara Tugol-Elewis

For Jersey:

[Signature]